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(1914–1999 C.E., 1333–1420 A.H.) May Allah have mercy on him.

Stories of the Prophets – Part Two is a short Islamic storybook about Prophet Nuh, Prophet Hud and Prophet Salih (peace be upon them). It teaches us why Allah sent His Messengers, how they called people to Tawheed and what happened when their people refused to listen. We learn about true faith, good manners, patience, gratitude and the danger of Shirk. Tawheed means worshipping Allah alone without giving Him any partners. These lessons are taught upon The Qur'aan & Sunnah as Understood by the Salaf (Pious Predecessors) of this Ummah.

About the Book

The author wrote these stories for children learning Arabic and Islam. The stories use short words and repeated expressions to make reading easier. They are based on lessons from the Qur'an. They help children learn about Tawheed, patience and good behavior.

Story One: Prophet Nuh (peace be upon him)

1. After Prophet Adam

Allah blessed the children of Adam with many families. People grew in number and lived in different places. At first they knew that Allah alone was their Lord and worshipped Him without partners. This story explains how people later moved away from that belief. (Surah Al-Baqarah 2:213)

2. The Jealousy of Shaytan

Shaytan hated Adam and his children. He had refused Allah's command to bow to Adam. Shaytan wanted people to stop worshipping Allah alone. He tried to lead them towards sins and the worship of idols. (Surah Al-A'raf 7:11-17)

3. Shaytan's Plan

Shaytan knew that people would not easily accept worshipping stones. He looked for a slow way to mislead them. He wanted people to love and honour things until they began to give those things acts of worship that belong only to Allah. (Surah Nuh 71:23)

4. Shaytan's Trick

There were good people who loved Allah and worshipped Him. When they died, Shaytan encouraged others to keep images of them. He said the images would help people think about those good people. This was the beginning of his trick. (Bukhari 4920)



5. Images of Righteous People

People looked at the pictures of the good men and spoke about their good actions. They began to pay special attention to the pictures. Shaytan used their love for righteous people to lead them in the wrong direction. (Bukhari 4920)

6. From Pictures to Statues

After some time, the people made statues of the righteous men. They placed them where people could see them and treated them with great respect. The next generations did not fully understand why the statues were made. (Bukhari 4920)

7. From Statues to Idols

Later, people began to ask the statues for help and worship them. They had turned objects made by people into idols. The idols included Wadd, Suwa, Yaghuth, Yauq and Nasr. Allah alone deserves worship. (Surah Nuh 71:23; Bukhari 4920)

8. The Anger of Allah

The people forgot the blessings Allah had given them. They used food, water and other gifts from Allah while worshipping idols that could not give them anything. They faced hardship and a lack of rain as a warning. Allah called them back to worshipping Him alone. (Surah Nuh 71:10-12)

9. Allah Sends a Messenger

The people needed someone to show them the truth. Allah sends Messengers to teach people how to worship Him. A Messenger tells people what Allah has commanded and warns them against wrong worship. (Surah An-Nahl 16:36)

10. A Human Messenger

Allah sent a human Messenger, not an angel, so people could listen to him and follow his example. A human being eats, speaks and lives among other people. Allah chose a Messenger from the people themselves. (Surah Hud 11:25-27)

11. Prophet Nuh Is Chosen

Allah chose Nuh to call his people to Tawheed. Nuh was truthful and wanted good for his people. He told them to worship Allah alone and warned them about punishment if they continued to worship idols. (Surah Nuh 71:1-4)



12. The People Refuse

Many people refused Nuh's message. They said he was only a human being like them. They looked down on the poor people who believed in him. Some also made hurtful claims about him instead of listening to his warning. (Surah Hud 11:27; Surah Al-Mu'minun 23:24-25)

13. Nuh Speaks to His People

Nuh explained that idols cannot help anyone. He asked his people to think about their Creator and to stop copying wrong actions simply because their families had done them. He continued to call them with patience. (Surah Nuh 71:2-9)

14. The Poor Believers

Some leaders said that only poor and weak people were following Nuh. They wanted him to send these believers away. Nuh did not agree. A person's wealth does not make their faith better and true believers should not be pushed away. (Surah Hud 11:27-30; Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:111-115)

15. The Rich People's Excuse

Rich leaders cared about their position and did not want to sit with poorer believers. Nuh explained that he was not asking people for money or riches. His duty was to teach Allah's message and treat the believers fairly. (Surah Hud 11:29-31)

16. Nuh Continues His Call

Nuh called his people in the day and at night. He taught them to ask Allah for forgiveness. Allah can send rain, provide wealth and children and bless the land. Nuh also asked them to look at the sky, the earth, the sun and the moon as signs of Allah's power. (Surah Nuh 71:5-20)

17. Nuh's Dua

Nuh called his people for a very long time but most still refused. They covered their ears and turned away. He told Allah about his people and made Dua for help. He asked Allah to protect the believers from those who kept leading people away from the truth. (Surah Nuh 71:5-28)

18. Building the Ark

Allah told Nuh to build a large ship called an ark. Nuh worked on it as Allah commanded. People passed by and made fun of him. Nuh continued his work because he trusted Allah. The ship would protect the believers when the flood came. (Surah Hud 11:36-38)



19. The Great Flood

Allah commanded Nuh to take the believers and pairs of animals onto the ark. Water poured from the sky and rose from the earth. Huge waves covered the land. Nuh and the believers were safe on the ark by Allah's mercy. (Surah Hud 11:40-44; Surah Al-Mu'minun 23:27-28)

20. Nuh's Son

Nuh called to his son and asked him to come onto the ark. His son refused and thought a mountain would save him from the water. Nuh told him that only Allah could save anyone that day. A wave came between them and his son drowned. (Surah Hud 11:42-43)

21. Family and Faith

Nuh was sad and called upon Allah about his son. Allah explained that his son was not among the family members promised safety because of his wrong actions. Nuh asked Allah for forgiveness and accepted His wisdom. Being related to a Prophet does not replace true faith. (Surah Hud 11:45-47)

22. After the Flood

Allah ordered the earth to swallow its water and the sky to stop its rain. The ark came to rest on Mount Judiyy. Nuh and the believers left the ship in peace. Allah blessed them and their families. The lesson is that safety comes from Allah and worship belongs to Him alone. (Surah Hud 11:44-48)

Story Two: Prophet Hud (peace be upon him) and the People of Aad

1. After Nuh

After the time of Nuh, the descendants of those who survived spread across the earth. The people of Aad became a strong and wealthy nation. They were known for their great size and power. Allah gave them many blessings. (Surah Al-A'raf 7:69)

2. Aad Forget Allah

Aad enjoyed food, land and strength but many did not thank Allah. They copied the mistake of earlier nations and worshipped idols. They forgot that Allah alone made them and gave them all they had. (Surah Hud 11:50-54)

3. The Cruelty of Aad

The strong people of Aad began to treat weaker people badly. They were proud of their power and thought no one could defeat them. Some hurt others and acted without mercy. Allah warned them against this behaviour. (Surah Fussilat 41:15; Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:130)



4. The Buildings of Aad

Aad built great buildings and palaces. They used their strength and wealth to show off. They acted as though they would live in the world forever. Prophet Hud later reminded them that these gifts should lead them to thank Allah. (Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:128-134)

5. Hud Is Sent

Allah chose Hud as a Messenger to Aad. Hud was one of their own people and he spoke to them clearly. He called them to worship Allah alone and stop worshipping idols. He did not ask for payment for teaching the truth. (Surah Hud 11:50-51)

6. Hud Calls His People

Hud told Aad to ask Allah for forgiveness and turn back to Him. Allah could give them rain and greater strength. Hud explained that their food, animals and land came from Allah. He warned them not to keep turning away. (Surah Hud 11:52; Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:132-135)

7. The People Answer Rudely

Many people of Aad laughed at Hud's message and called him foolish. They wanted proof but did not listen to his words. They believed their old idols were better and refused to leave the ways of their ancestors. (Surah Al-A'raf 7:66-70; Surah Hud 11:53)

8. Hud Gives Wise Advice

Hud spoke kindly and firmly. He told his people that Allah alone deserved their worship. He asked for no money and explained that only Allah could reward him. Hud wanted them to be safe from punishment and to live as grateful servants of Allah. (Surah Hud 11:50-52; Surah Al-A'raf 7:68)

9. Hud Trusts Allah

Hud said that he was free from the idols worshipped by his people. He trusted Allah, his Lord and their Lord. He was not afraid of their threats because every creature is under Allah's control. Hud continued to speak the truth. (Surah Hud 11:54-56)

10. Aad Refuse Again

The people refused Hud's warnings. They demanded the punishment he warned about and said they would not leave their gods. Hud explained that only Allah decides when punishment comes. He stayed firm and left the matter to Allah. (Surah Al-Ahqaf 46:22; Surah Hud 11:57-60)



11. The Punishment of Aad

Aad saw a cloud and thought it would bring rain. Instead Allah sent a powerful cold wind as punishment. The wind destroyed the people who refused the truth. Allah saved Hud and those who believed with him. Their empty homes showed how quickly great strength can disappear. (Surah Al-Ahqaf 46:24-26; Surah Al-Haqqah 69:6-8; Surah Hud 11:58)

Story Three: Prophet Salih (peace be upon him) and the People of Thamud

1. After Aad

After Aad, the people of Thamud became a strong nation. Their land had gardens, rivers and farms. They were skilled builders who could cut homes into mountains and rock. Allah gave them many blessings. (Surah Al-A'raf 7:74; Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:146-149)

2. Thamud Are Ungrateful

Thamud did not thank Allah for everything He had given them. Many became proud of their buildings and riches. They acted as though their strong houses could keep them safe forever. They forgot the lessons from the people who came before them. (Surah Al-A'raf 7:74)

3. Worshipping Idols

Many people of Thamud made idols from stone and asked these idols for help. They bowed before them even though the idols could not hear or answer. Allah alone created them and provided their food and water. The people were giving worship to things they had made themselves. (Surah Hud 11:61-62)

4. Salih Is Chosen

Allah sent Salih, a man from the people of Thamud, to guide them. Salih was known among them and had good character. He called them to worship Allah alone and leave the idols. Allah sent Messengers because He wanted people to know the right way. (Surah Hud 11:61-62)

5. Salih Calls His People

Salih told his people to worship Allah and seek His forgiveness. He explained that Allah created them from the earth and allowed them to live on it. Their strength and wealth were gifts from Allah, not reasons to disobey Him. (Surah Hud 11:61)

6. The Rich People Make Fun of Him

Some wealthy leaders did not want to follow Salih. They said he was only a human like them and spoke badly about his message. They encouraged others to reject him. Salih still taught them with patience. (Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:153-154; Surah Al-A'raf 7:75-76)



7. Their Opinion of Salih Changes

The people had once hoped that Salih would grow up to be a great leader among them. When he told them to stop worshipping idols, they became angry. They called him wrong and refused to listen. Salih continued to trust Allah. (Surah Hud 11:62-63)

8. Salih Gives Advice

Salih reminded the people that their houses, farms and gardens would not last forever. Allah gives life and death. He warned them to leave sins, stop hurting others and worship Allah with thankful hearts. He did not want any money for calling them to the truth. (Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:145-152)

9. No Payment for Teaching

Salih told the people that he wanted no payment for his message. His reward came from Allah. He warned them not to follow people who spread evil and damage the land. He called them towards peace, goodness and obedience to Allah. (Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:145-152)

10. Allah's She-Camel

The people demanded a sign from Allah. Allah gave them a special she-camel as a clear sign. Salih warned them not to hurt her and to let her eat freely from Allah's land. The camel was a test of whether they would obey Allah. (Surah Al-A'raf 7:73; Surah Hud 11:64)

11. The Water Turn

Allah gave the she-camel a turn to drink water and gave the people a different turn. Salih explained this rule and warned them not to harm her. The camel drank her share and the people had theirs. Obeying this rule was part of their test. (Surah Ash-Shu'ara 26:155; Surah Al-Qamar 54:27-28)

12. Thamud Become Rebellious

Some people disliked waiting for the camel's turn to drink. Two men led the plan to harm her and others supported them. They killed the camel instead of obeying Allah. They challenged Salih and rejected his warning. (Surah Ash-Shams 91:11-15; Surah Al-A'raf 7:77)

13. The Punishment of Thamud

Salih warned Thamud that they had only three days left before punishment came. Then a terrible blast and earthquake struck the wrongdoers. Their strong homes could not save them. Allah saved Salih and those who believed. When Prophet Muhammad ﷺ later passed the homes of Thamud, he warned his Companions not to enter without feeling sorrow and fear of Allah. (Surah Hud 11:65-68; Surah Al-A'raf 7:78-79; Muslim 2980)